

## CLARENCE OUSLEY IS OUT AS DIRECTOR OF EXTENSION AID WORK

**Resignation Regretfully Received by Directors of A. and M. College at Meeting Held in Austin --- T. O. Walton, Who Has Been Acting Director, Will Succeed Mr. Ousley.**

Austin, Tex., July 2.—Col. Clarence Ousley, assistant secretary of agriculture during the period of the war, tendered his resignation as director of the extension service of A. and M. college at a special meeting of the board of directors of the college here Tuesday and the resignation was accepted to become effective not later than September 1. Mr. Ousley has formed important business connections in the east which will require that he sever his relations with the college but he will retain his legal residence at Fort Worth. He is succeeding in the extension service by T. O. Walton, acting director.

In his communication to President Bizzell tendering his resignation, Mr. Ousley says:

"In accord with your judgment as to the time and occasion please tender to the board of directors my resignation as director of the extension service, effective as early as convenient and not later than September 1, 1919.

"At considerable material loss I have given five years to the public service and have seen agricultural extension work soundly developed to a point of such appreciated usefulness as there seems no reason to doubt its continued maintenance. Therefore, I request that I be permitted to return to private business before I am too old to make some small provision for the physical infirmity which I must inevitably confront in the due course of nature.

"It has been a joy to contribute what I could of initiative and direction to a service devoted to rural welfare which I have to the commonwealth and the public's most vital concern. It has been a peculiar pleasure to be associated with you and I shall always treasure the memory of our intimate official relations and personal friendship.

"Please express to the board and my colleagues in the college my grateful appreciation of their confidence and co-operation. I pledge to you and them my faithful support as a citizen who is proud of the institution and mindful of its importance as the state's chief agency of agricultural prosperity and wholesomeness."

In commenting on the resignation of Mr. Ousley, President Bizzell said: "The college authorities sincerely regret to lose the able service of Mr. Ousley from the college. He organized the extension service soon after the passage of the Smith-Lever Extension act and through its expanding activities he has rendered a useful service to the cause of agriculture and rural development in this state. No state in the union has an extension service that was more efficiently administered. It is fortunate indeed for the college that T. O. Walton has been secured to succeed Mr. Ousley in this important position. Mr. Walton has been in the extension service for many years and during the two years of Mr. Ousley's absence, which includes the war period, he has carried out, in his capacity as acting director, the government's agricultural program in a very effective and satisfactory manner. His intimate knowledge of the policies of Mr. Ousley and the intimate organization of the extension service will enable him to carry on the work without any loss in its momentum."

At the same time the board appointed J. Thomas Davis, for many years superintendent of the Navasota city schools as dean of John Tarleton Agricultural college at Stephenville to succeed Prof. James F. Cox, resigned. Mr. Davis comes to his new position with the distinction of being a graduate of the North Texas Normal college, as well as a teacher of several years experience. He has taught in the rural schools, has been a county superintendent and a city superintendent, and at A. and M. college he specialized in agricultural education. Mr. Davis will assume his new position with the opening of the next session in September.

The board of directors was unable to consider the college budget for the year 1919-20, due to the fact that the legislature has not finally passed the appropriation for the college. Hon. L. J. Hart, president of the board, in commenting upon this matter said:

"The board of directors very much regrets that it is necessary to postpone action on the college budget. The officers and teachers of the institution have waited very patiently, but naturally all are very anxious to know what they may expect in the way of compensation for their services next year. I am sure the legislature will pass the appropriation bill at the earliest practicable date. It is the intention of the board as soon thereafter as possible to hold another meeting for the purpose of considering salary appropriations for next year."

A number of other routine matters received the consideration of the board Tuesday. During the afternoon the board paid a visit to the governor and conferred with friends of the college in the house and senate.

## REFORESTING STATE IMPORTANT PROBLEM CONFRONTING TEXAS

**Lumberman Says Every Tree Cut Down Should Be Replaced by One Planted --- Stock of Standing Timber Said to Be in Danger of Being Wiped Out**

Dallas, Tex., July 2.—"Reforestation of Texas" forests should be begun if Texas is to look forward to the future," according to D. K. Newsome, well known San Antonio lumberman. Enormous quantities of lumber, in the raw state, are being shipped from the state to France and Italy, he says, the product being finished abroad.

"Every time a tree is cut down another should be planted," Mr. Newsome declares. "People of this state are not provident for they have no regard for the future welfare of the country. Before long we shall find ourselves without timber and then the people will wake up to a realization of their past follies. The trouble with the lumber situation at this time is that too many men are looking only for selfish advantage without regard to the welfare of the country at large, which will be seriously endangered if our forests are wiped out as they have been in recent years."

"The demand for lumber at this time is greater by far than the supply, which will tend to prevent a decline in the price. At present it is very difficult to get timber on account of the shortage of labor to cut it and on account of the bad weather which has seriously handicapped the handling of the lumber in the forests."

### TURKISH SITUATION THREATENING.

Paris, July 2.—The Turkish situation is giving the peace conference much uneasiness. Reports indicate that three Turkish armies whose generals refuse to obey orders from Constantinople have been organized and concentrated in three districts. Those at Konnia threatening the Italians, and those at Balıkebir opposing the Greeks.

### OUSLEY HEADS MAGAZINE.

Washington, July 2.—Clarence Ousley, assistant secretary of agriculture, has confirmed the announcement in Texas that he resigned as a director of extension in Texas in connection with the Agriculture College, and announced that he will take the presidency of Sea Power, a magazine published in New York. He will work in Washington, but retain his legal residence at Fort Worth.

### TEN-YEAR OLD BOY KILLED.

Navasota, Tex., July 2.—Luther, the 10-year-old son of S. W. Dean, while in a tree in the front yard, came in contact with a live wire at 6 o'clock yesterday evening and was electrocuted. He was a nephew of Senator L. W. Dean.

### 40 CARS OF TOMATOES.

Palestine, Tex., July 2.—Maydelle, a small town on the Texas State railroad a few miles east of this city, will ship forty cars of tomatoes this season, shipments having already started. Several cars of peaches will also be shipped from there.

### CORN AND STRING BEANS.

San Antonio, July 2.—Bids for 2,393,927 cans of sweet corn and 358,925 cans of stringless beans were opened at Fort Sam Houston yesterday, the property being surplus as a result of demobilization of troops. The corn and beans were sold for approximately \$220,000. Two hundred thousand commercial blankets will be sold July 15.

### A. & M. APPROPRIATIONS.

Austin, July 2.—Although the senate finance committee cut \$460,000 out of the Agricultural and Mechanical college budget it did not take out the \$250,000 for an agricultural building. Reports to the contrary were erroneous. The sum is to be available in the second year. The committee did cut out the \$150,000 for a memorial library building.

### ACT PROHIBITING GERMAN.

Austin, July 2.—An act prohibiting the teaching of the German language in any school in Texas was submitted to the legislature by Governor Hobby. The submission of the subject was requested by Senator Walter D. Caldwell of Travis county.

### ALCOHOL IN CIDER.

Austin, July 2.—Two samples of cider sent to the state food and drug department from Cuero have been analyzed, one showing 5.6 per cent alcohol content and the other 6.5 per cent.

### EAST TEXAS PEACHES.

A limited supply, fresh from the tree; suitable for canning, preserving and eating, \$1.65 per crate delivered. Byron McKnight, phone 339.

### DIRIGIBLE CROSSING ATLANTIC.

London, July 2.—The British dirigible, R-34 left East Fortune, Scotland, today on its long heralded trip to America. At 8 o'clock, Greenwich time, it was reported 325 miles off the Irish coast.

## ORDER STOPS CENSORSHIP BY MILITARY

**Pershing Leaves Correspondents Free to Send Copy.**

Paris, July 2.—General Pershing has issued instructions that military censorship be abolished immediately, it is announced at military headquarters here.

### BOXING REPORTED FAVORABLY.

Austin, July 2.—The senate committee on military affairs yesterday afternoon reported favorably the McNeeley boxing bill.

## HOME SERVICE WORK OF RED CROSS AIDS RETURNING SOLDIERS

**Mrs. Albert Buchanan, Local Secretary, Is Ready to Assist Applicants in Filling Out Forms Necessary --- Office in First National Bank Building.**

The Brazos County Red Cross chapter, through its home service station, is doing a great work in assisting the government to give a square deal to the returning soldiers. The office of the secretary, First National Bank building, is a busy place, giving information as to insurance, allotments, travel pay, arrears of allotment and allowance, and the many other questions of vital importance to returned soldiers and their families. All are invited to call whenever they want assistance, as the chapter is glad to be of every service possible.

The local chapter secretary announces that the home service section is prepared to assist discharged soldiers in making claims for the additional travel pay to men of the army and navy discharged since November 11, 1918. Men discharged prior to February 28, 1919, were given pay at the rate of 3 1-3 per cent per mile. The change in the law, effective February 28, entitles them to 5c per mile. The office has the necessary affidavit forms on which to make these claims, and will be glad to assist any who wish to apply for this extra travel pay.

In explaining to those who confuse government insurance with compensation, the secretary said today: "Compensation has absolutely nothing to do with the insurance which the men have taken out themselves. The compensation now provided by the government takes the place of the old pension system formerly in use. In case of death of a soldier, his dependents will receive a monthly stipend from the government to make up to them in part what the man would have contributed to their support had he lived. A man who returns from the service disabled by injury or sickness is, himself paid a monthly stipend in proportion to his injury. The money is paid him as long as his disability exists. The government is not only willing but anxious to make these provisions for the men who gave their best strength to their country, and it is urged that all men entitled to receive it make application. The local Red Cross will gladly make this application for them."

"In addition to compensation, the government has provided for vocational education for those entitled to compensation."

"A number of inquiries have come to the Brazos County Red Cross in regard to the plans of the government to furnish farms lands to returning soldiers. Those interested should call at the Red Cross office and receive the pamphlet and they can make their own application."

"Many men during their period of service subscribed for Liberty bonds which have never been delivered to them, or to the person whom they designated to receive them. The Red Cross will be glad to instruct these men where to make application for their bonds, and assist them in doing so."

"One other item of importance should be mentioned. Since the Red Cross office was opened an effort has been made to make a complete roster of all men in the service from Brazos county. This list will be preserved for its historic value, so that Brazos county may have a complete record of the valiant service rendered to our country by her sons."

Every returned soldier in the county is urged to write his name and military address on a post card and mail it to Mrs. Albert Buchanan, secretary Brazos County Red Cross chapter, at once, so that no name will be left off this important list.

### HOG PRICES UP.

Chicago, July 2.—Hog prices today reached the high figure of \$22 a hundredweight, a rise of twenty-five cents over night. The increased export demand for food products is generally accepted as the reason for the continued unprecedented advance.

## IRISH WILL LEAVE BULLET HOLES IN FAMOUS MONUMENT

Dublin, July 2.—Examination has just revealed that in the shooting which took place in the streets of Dublin Easter week in 1918, the great O'Connell monument was penetrated by eight or nine bullets.

A proposal has been made the damage should be repaired. The city engineer, however, has advised that the bullet holes do not involve any risk to the monument, are invisible unless attention is specially drawn to them, and in the future will have a considerable historical interest. Accordingly, the corporation has decided that the monument shall remain as it is.

## BRAZOS UNION LODGE NO. 129, A. F. & A. M. INSTALLED OFFICERS

Brazos Union lodge No. 129, Masonic, installed new officers last evening. Gen. H. B. Stoddard presided, the service was both beautiful and impressive and every seat in the lodge room was filled.

The following officers were installed: J. D. Martin, W. M.; George M. Smart, S. W.; C. M. Bethany, J. W.; E. W. Crenshaw, treasurer; Roy Hudspeeth, secretary; Charlton H. Storey, chaplain; A. K. Brown, S. D.; C. F. Ayers, J. D.; Linton Robertson, S. E.; R. J. Cole, J. S.; J. A. Tobias, filler.

Several of those present made excellent talks concerning the work and ideals of the order. Cold melons, peach cream and cigars were served.

### GO ON JUST THE SAME.

Washington, July 2.—Although presidential approval must await the return of President Wilson, no embarrassment is given the government departments from lack of funds expected to result from the action of congress with regard to enacting appropriation bills needed by the government for the new fiscal year, which began yesterday.

### COURAGEOUS JUDGE.

Dallas, July 2.—Police Judge Felix Robertson established a precedent when he assessed a fine of \$100 against J. W. Brownlee, who entered a plea of guilty to a charge of speeding at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. An additional fine of \$100 was imposed on Mr. Brownlee on a charge of driving while intoxicated. He paid both fines, but said he was not intoxicated.

### COMMUNISTS AT IT AGAIN.

Berlin, July 2.—The communist situation has again arrived at the fermenting stage in greater Berlin, and there are indications that the strike movement may develop into a political insurrection. The strike is becoming general and threatens to involve the railroad workers and the big industrial plants. The minister of defense is increasing the troop patrols and planting barbed wire entanglements at strategic points, and is generally tightening martial law regulations.

### SERVICES HELD AT 3 P. M.

The funeral services of Joseph Whittit English, of Washington, D. C., notice of whose death on June 28 was recently printed in the Eagle, were held at St. Andrew's Episcopal church in this city at 3 p. m. today, with interment in the city cemetery thereafter. Prominent citizens were in attendance at the ceremonies and a number of business houses were closed out of respect for the deceased.

### ENVELOPES REDEEMABLE.

As the result of the reduction in postal rates on first class matter which went into effect July 1, the local postoffice is ready to redeem as full value three cent envelopes. By this is meant that envelopes of other denominations in postage will be exchanged, if desired, for the stocks of three-cent stamped envelopes.

### COBLENZ HEARS IT.

Coblentz, July 2.—All censorship over the dispatches of correspondents with the American army, and the censorship of the soldiers' mail and telegrams ceases tonight.

### SPINNERS FOR LOCKOUT.

Manchester, July 2.—Ootton employers of north Manchester have decided to begin a general lockout tomorrow, unless the strike operatives return to work.

### 177,000 SAIL IN JUNE.

Brest, July 2.—During the month of June one hundred and seventy-seven thousand American troops sailed homeward from Brest. This is the record for any month since the armistice was signed.

### TO SAVE WHEAT CROP.

Washington, July 2.—Emergency measures were taken today by the railroad administration to rush laborers into Kansas to help with the harvest of that state's bumper wheat crop. Director Hines instructed the Santa Fe railway to run special trains if necessary.

## GEN. ALLEN IN COMMAND RHINE ARMY

**90th Division Head Successor to Hunter Liggett.**

Paris, July 2.—Major General Henry T. Allen will succeed Lieutenant General Hunter Liggett in command of the forces on the Rhine, the American military headquarters announced today. General Allen formerly commanded the 90th division, consisting of Texas and Oklahoma troops.

## PRICE OF COFFEE IS SCHEDULED TO SOAR TO LOFTIER HEIGHTS

**Dealer Complains That It Is "Hard to Make Public Understand" Why Breakfast Beverage Should Go Up --- Blames It on Frost in Brazil.**

Chicago, July 2.—The American housewife, already grumbling over the price of coffee, may have further complaint to make in the next few months for the outlook is anything but hopeful for the consumer, according to big dealers here.

"Yes, there are good reasons for the unprecedented prices of today," said a leading dealer to The Associated Press. "Of course it is difficult to make the public understand. It is true that there is enough coffee to go around. But there won't be a big surplus and besides it will be hard to make the distribution uniform."

"Everybody knows of the frost in Brazil a year ago. The cry of a short crop though weather damage had come from Brazil after year and American dealers came to ignore it. Last year the damage was not a false alarm. The normal crop of 12,000,000 bags, weighing 132 pounds each, will be reduced this year to 5,000,000. Some authorities estimate as low as 3,500,000 bags, but the crop of 1920 is also going to be short because of that frost and the surplus may not suffice. We have just learned the true extent of the frost damage."

G. E. McKenney, considered a leading authority on the coffee market, explained that stocks held in the United States now are lighter than in many years. He said dealers refused to listen to the story of big damage and instead of buying let their stocks diminish while waiting for reduced prices.

The retail price of 45 to 55 cents a pound for good grades is a few cents higher than the record price immediately after the civil war. The present wholesale price is about 27 cents, it was stated. The lowest price ever recorded was in 1903 when coffee could be purchased wholesale at 3 1-2 cents a pound. The retail price today in coffee-growing countries is about 10 cents a pound.

Buyers from France and England are said to have made big purchases in Brazil. In the past these countries have traded mostly with Central American dealers. Germany and Austria, the two biggest coffee-drinking countries in Europe, also are to become large buyers when restrictions are removed, it was stated.

"To estimate the supply now in this country is mere guesswork," said Mr. McKenney. He indicated, however, that there was no reason for alarm over a shortage.

"Prohibition probably will make coffee a more popular drink," he said. "For instance, when vodka was taken from the Russians, they began buying tea so rapidly it was difficult to get tea in this country."

Proceeding on this theory, the planters of Soa Paulo, the big coffee growing state of Brazil, have raised a fund of \$1,000,000 to be spent in advertising coffee in the United States in the next four years.

### INVESTIGATE LIQUOR SALES.

Washington, July 2.—Attorney General Palmer has ordered an investigation of liquor selling in Atlantic City and the immediate federal prosecution, if conditions are as reported in the newspapers.

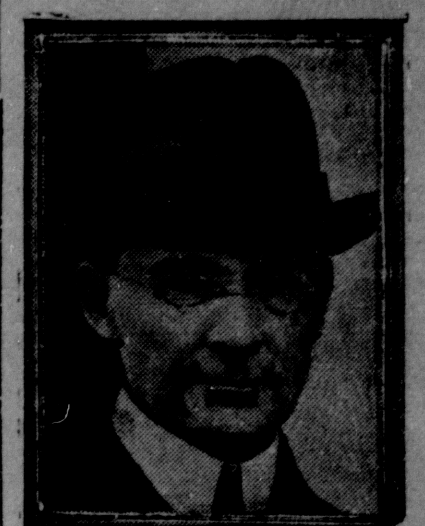
### DISCUSS PROPOSED SOLUTION.

Paris, July 2.—The proposed solution to the Italian problem now being discussed is that of giving Italy certain colonial possessions, probably in Africa in return for her support of the peace conference decision in regard to the Adriatic settlement, so it is understood from an unofficial source.

### 40,000,000 GALLONS!

Louisville, Ky., July 2.—Notwithstanding the enormous amount of whiskey sales in the last week, Kentucky liquor dealers claim to have a surplus of 40,000,000 gallons. How to dispose of this, they say, is undetermined.

## "D" is For Deficit



Director General of Railroad, whose middle initial is now admitted to stand for "deficit," because the government-controlled railroads under his direction continue to pile up balances on the wrong side of the ledger, Mr. Hines is also blamed or credited with having kicked over the government plan to maintain prices.

## LEUTENANT COLONEL THEODORE ROOSEVELT IN 'RECEPTIVE MOOD'

**Will Take Republican Nomination for Assemblyman If Offered Him, According to Press Statement by G. O. P. Politician of Oyster Bay Community.**

Mineola, L. I., July 2.—Lieutenant Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has agreed to be a candidate for the republican nomination for assemblyman for the second Nassau county district. It was announced today by Edward J. Conlin, chairman of the Oyster Bay republican town committee. The first elective office held by the late President Theodore Roosevelt was a seat in the New York state assembly.

## BOOST PRICE FOR COFFEE; DOWN AGAIN

**Patrons Refuse to Pay New Charge at Cafes.**

Rio de Janeiro, July 2.—Demonstrations by the populace defeated the effort of the proprietors of the coffee houses to double their prices today. Patrons entered the cafes, took coffee, and then refused to pay more than the old price. After some coffee houses closed the proprietors announced the return to the old price.

### CAN'T BUY STOCK.

Austin, July 2.—State banks cannot, under the present banking laws, purchase and own stock in the proposed national cotton export finance corporation, according to an opinion from the attorney general's department given to Commissioner Briggs of the department of insurance and banking today.

### FRANCO-BRITISH AGREEMENT.

Paris, July 2.—The agreement between France and Great Britain concerning the division of the former German possessions in Kamerun and Togoland will soon be approved in both countries, the Petit Parisien declares.

### MONTENEGRO REBELS.

Berne, July 2.—Virtually all of Montenegro is in rebellion against Serbian military occupation, and bloody encounters have occurred in many places, according to advices here. Guerilla warfare is reviving in the mountains.

### GERMANS RATIFY NEXT WEEK.

Paris, July 2.—Germany is expected to ratify the treaty next week, according to a note which has been sent to the allies.

### IOWA FOR SUFFRAGE.

Des Moines, July 2.—Iowa, through its legislature, has ratified the federal suffrage amendment.

### STRIKE CALLED OFF.

New York, July 2.—The commercial telegraphers' strike against the Western Union and Postal telegraph companies was declared off today.

### SEND GERMANS HOME.

Charleston, S. C.—A trainload of Germans formerly interned at Fort Oglethorpe embarked today for Rotterdam to be repatriated.

### APPLY FOR PASSPORTS.

Cleveland, July 2.—Approximately 6,600 aliens of this and nearby cities have applied for passports since the signing of the armistice and immigration officials say this number is being increased daily. A serious shortage of labor in mines, mills and factories as a result of the migration to Europe is predicted.

## YANK SOLDIERS WISH TO MARRY HUN GIRLS IF CONTRACT VALID

**Legal Department of Army Now Considering Question Involved in Matter --- Even Officers Among Those Putting Inquiry --- Anti-Fraternalizing Order Still Effective.**

Coblentz, July 2.—The judge advocate's department of the American army here is kept busy today answering inquiries from various parts of the occupied area as to whether marriage between American soldiers and German girls are allowed since the peace treaty was signed.

A ruling on the question is expected soon. The inquiries came from a five different division headquarters and other units, including several officers and a number of men who inquired personally.

The order against fraternizing with Germans is still effective, at least nominally, and will probably continue until Germany ratifies the treaty.

## IS GREATEST FIGHT ARENA EVER PUT UP

**Willard-Dempsey Mill to Be Witnessed by Thousands.**

Toledo, July 2.—The last preliminary details for the Independence Day boxing exhibition were completed today. The principals have practically ceased training, doing only light boxing.

The last nail completing the greatest fight stadium ever constructed was driven today. The great structure, costing \$150,000, required nearly two million feet of lumber and hundreds of kegs of nails and bolts.

There are approximately twenty-four miles of seats, accommodating nearly one hundred thousand persons.

### WISH STUDY OF COTTON.

Austin, July 2.—A resolution memorializing the president of the United States and the secretary of state to select as many diplomats and ambassadors to foreign countries as possible from the south and instruct them to study the cotton situation and to prepare statistics, was adopted today by the house of representatives and sent to the state senate for action.

### RESUME TRADE RELATIONS.

Paris, July 2.—French authorities are considering the question of resuming commercial relations with Germany, the Excelsior says. It is believed in authoritative sources, the papers add, that the ministries of foreign affairs and commerce are inclined to favor commercial liberty, the tariff to be protective but not prohibitive.

### 3000 FROM NEW YORK.

New York, July 2.—More than three thousand fight fans will go from New York to see the Willard-Dempsey bout, according to estimates compiled from railroad ticket offices. The largest exodus for Toledo is expected to start Thursday, when about two thousand are expected to leave.

### GERMANS HOLD RIGA.

Copenhagen, July 2.—A Libau telegram to the official Lettish bureau here says the reported evacuation of Riga by the Germans is premature. General von de Goltz has established martial law, proclaimed himself governor general, and appointed the German Major Arnim to be governor of Riga.

### AMERICAN SQUADRON OFF TAGUS.

Paris, July 2.—An American squadron is anchored off the mouth of the river Tagus, according to a Lisbon dispatch.

### THE WEATHER

Tonight and Thursday, partly cloudy.

### 14-YEAR-OLD HERO BECOMES WARD FOR NEW YORK ACTRESS

New York, July 2.—Michael Cardi, the fourteen year old veteran of the world war who wears French and Italian war crosses for gallantry in action, has been adopted by Elsie Janis, the actress, and has been taken to her home at Tarrytown.

Cardi arrived as a stowaway from Marseilles six weeks ago. Miss Janis furnished a five thousand dollar bond as a guarantee that the boy who served as a bugler in two armies would conduct himself in an orderly manner, and would not become a public charge.

Cardi's father was an Italian officer who was killed in the war, and his mother died later.



## BRYAN WEEKLY EAGLE

A. O. Flaherty, Gen. Manager  
Entered at the postoffice at Bryan, Texas, April 28, 1911, as second class matter under act of Congress, March 8, 1879.

**DAILY RATES.**  
By Mail—In Advance:  
Three months \$1.75  
Six months 3.00  
One year 4.00  
WEEKLY EAGLE—\$1.25 per year; six months 75c. Published Thursdays.

**MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS**  
Foreign Advertising Representatives:  
American Press Association,  
S. C. Theis Co., New York.

TELEPHONE 36.

### THE PUGILISTS.

Senator McNealus wants Hobby to submit to the legislature the question of admitting pugilism—professional pugilism—to Texas. He claims to have a petition signed by 20,000 persons who want 20-round bouts to be allowed.

Petitions are shamefully easy to get up, no matter what the object of the petition. It is as necessary to learn to say "no" in carrying out the responsibilities of citizenship as in meeting those of personal life. But, granting that every one of the 20,000 signers to Senator McNealus' petition are genuine and earnest, ought Texas to open its doors to the Willards and the Dempseys?

It is a sad fact that professional boxing has long since been given over by the sportsmen into the hands of the sports. It is a lowbrow game run by lowbrows for lowbrows.

Take the money out of it and it sickens and dies. If it is boxing that Dallas county wants, there is no law against it now. But if it is the baiting of one crooked tough against another for a purse large enough to equal an ordinary honest man's wages for years—why, that is a horse of another color. Texas has all the gamblers and prize-fighters it needs now. If modern prize-fighting tends toward any other kind of manhood, it has escaped the notice of a pretty solid majority of Texas voters.

### EXIT FIDO.

It looks like Fido is going to have to go. A bill has been introduced in the legislature to impose a tax upon him. City taxes and regulations have been none too lenient, as the slaughter of canines in Bryan in times past can witness. Apparently everybody has it in for Fido.

If he doesn't like children and shows his teeth, he is probably a mad dog and is shot on sight. If he does like them he is probably full of all sorts of unbelievable germs and ought to be shot anyhow. If he is a thoroughbred he is very likely petted by women who ought to be rearing children instead. If he is a cur he is of no account and ought to be done away with. If he is a little fellow he is not big enough to be of any use, and if he is a big one he eats too much.

But have dogs and boys no rights? The Eagle man can remember dogs that were worth "a hundred dollars" at a period in his life when a hundred dollars was the largest conceivable sum. They were not particularly useful dogs, and their market value was far below that placed upon them by the Eagle man (who wasn't a man at all at that time, and hadn't even heard of the Eagle). But there's something about boys and dogs that makes them go fittingly with one another. A boy who has never had a dog has never attained to one hundred per cent boyhood.

### THE NEXT DEADLY EVIL.

Reforming has two dangers. One is that it is catching, and the other is that it's terminal facilities are indefinite. And then, like any other line of human endeavor, it has its tendency toward fixing a habit.

Booze has to go. It ought to go, and is about gone. Thanks for that is due to the reformers. Starting with a little prayer meeting among the women of a Presbyterian church up in Ohio long, long ago, the movement has grown until it has overpowered, or nearly so, one of the strongest evil influences in American life and politics. For a decade or two the movement which has thus triumphed will have to maintain its organization to see that prohibition is enforced. That is reasonable enough. But the habit of reforming is strong. Having reformed liquor out of the country, it is but natural to go on reforming on something else.

What is that something else likely to be? Just now it looks like it will be cigarettes. Now, cigarettes are bad. Cigarettes have caused physical and mental inefficiency. Cigarettes in excess have been a positive injury to health. But had you ever thought that the same might be said of mince pie?

Mince pie never made a man come home and beat up his wife, or spend his week's wages the night he drew his pay. But neither did cigarettes. Cigarettes hurt the user, but the damage to society is not of a sort or degree that would justify society's outlawing the cigarette, unless low necks and short skirts are to be outlawed, too. Besides, education is so much more calculated to remedy the evil.

### A DIPLOMATIC TRIUMPH.

The achievement of President Wilson in obtaining the adoption of his principles by a short-sighted Europe over the protests of the squirming huns and the republican senate is a diplomatic triumph unparalleled by any other American president.

Precedent was against him. All the greed and cunning of old-school European diplomats was against him. Many politicians of his own country were loud in their opposition. The upper chamber of congress tried to hamstring his efforts. Everything seemed to stand in the way. And yet he kept his vision of the future and his temper and his hold on his tongue.

Returning soldiers from France bring the Paris gossip that at times when Wilson stood out against absurd terms demanded by the unreasonable, though natural, desire of France for

vengeance, old Clemenceau would rise with flashing eyes and say with all the sarcasm at his command, "Well, Mr. Chairman, when Germany is through, France will speak." And it is said, Wilson would merely smile and gain his point later in the day.

If the league of nations succeeds in preventing future wars, its success will be due chiefly to Wilson's patience, tact and faith in the practicality of righteousness between state and states as between man and man. If on the other hand, it fails it will be the noblest failure in history.

### THE DRAFTED BOYS.

From statistics compiled at Washington it develops that, proportions considered, fewer men brought into the service of the United States under the selective service act deserted than was the case among men who put on the uniform as volunteers. This ought to be a source of gratification to all good citizens. The fact is not in any way a reflection upon the young men of the country who offered their services at the first call to arms. But it is greatly to the credit of those, who, by circumstance or lack of requisite age, were prevented from volunteering until the draft was in operation. The draft was intended to take, and after the local boards got into full swing did take, a fair average sample of the manhood of America. That being the case it is encouraging to be reminded that the sample is of so high a character. It is comforting in the face of divers and prevalent predictions of "revolution," "disintegration" and the like to which pessimistic folks give so ready an ear.

### A GOOD INDICATION.

The American Legion is the name of an organization composed of those who have served the United States in the great war and who have received their discharge from the service. According to a recent dispatch, distinctions of rank will not be observed in the affairs of the legion. A corporal will have as prominent a part in the doings of the body as a colonel. This is as it ought to be. It is the American way.

### OUR PART.

Texas furnished 161,065 men for service in the war. This was 4.29 per cent of the total army. Oklahoma contributed 2.13 per cent; Arkansas, 1.62 per cent; Louisiana, 1.76 per cent. The only states to better the record of Texas were New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Ohio, all of which outrank Texas in population.

## Other Editors

**Blunders in Government Insurance.**  
(Dallas Woodman Journal)

We could name, if we desired to, many individuals who have drawn allotments from the government and are still drawing them when they were not entitled to one dime. To cite one instance, we will say that down at Gause in Milam county, the home of the writer of this article, Ozelia Perry, a negress, has been drawing allotments from the government for more than a year by reason of the supposed service of her husband in the army when she was not in fact the wife of such soldier and was in no way dependent upon him and the allotment was given her over the protests of the supposed husband. To give a brief history of the case, we will say that George Perry, the afore mentioned negro soldier, was at one time the husband of Ozelia Perry, but when he was taken into the military service through the machinery of the selective draft, he was living apart from the woman and she had a suit for divorce pending in the district court of Milam county. Shortly after the induction of George Perry into the army the woman secured a decree of divorce and immediately married another man who has never seen military service. The allotment, however, was still paid to her and is yet being paid her notwithstanding the protests of George Perry and the fact that he was discharged from military service last February. Just recently this woman received an allotment check from the bureau of war risks and continues to enjoy the use of the money with her husband. One-half of George Perry's pay all during his service in the army was withheld from him and given to this woman regardless of the fact that she was not his wife and was the wife of another man. This man has been wrongfully deprived of his pay as a soldier—that money absolutely given to an individual not entitled to it and who did not demand it and part of this money, we have been informed, has been given to an attorney as a retaining fee for the woman's defense in case trouble arises over the wrongful disposition of the wages of George Perry. This is not the only instance in the same locality that we could mention.

### The Fourth and the Legion.

(Louisville Courier-Journal)

Used wisely, the influence which the new American Legion promises to wield augurs ill for such tendencies of these upturned times as are not rooted firmly in ideals of unqualified Americanism.

As a civilian organization of 4,000,000 men who, under the discipline of war, constituted history's most effective fighting machine, the legion will command, grossly, power effectively to combat whatever evils of government and society it encounters. Its net strength will lie in the degree in which it has leadership—leadership inspired and far-seeing.

Observers of the St. Louis caucus at which the legion was born report that the first great gathering of veterans—soldiers, sailors and marines—was singularly free from racial influences. The outcome of that meeting was a set of broad policies which indicate plainly that the legion has leaders. And quite logically, when it is considered that the American soldier, from the day his uniform is donned, is trained toward one goal—that of leadership.

The legion needs to keep an even keel. It will have power in plenty and opportunity for the exercise of that power. Once its influences are

misdirected its potency for the achievement of good will diminish. It must be firm and yet not domineering. It must have tact and yet be free from intrigue.

In Kentucky, as well as in other states, July Fourth is a fittingly set aside as a day for the salutatory of the legion. Through the medium of celebrations taking various forms, depending upon local conditions, the state's 100,000 veterans of all branches of the service will have the legion's enunciation of its principles brought to them. It is expected that the governor will officialize the event by proclamation. News dispatches record growing preparations for the day.

The legion's aims, as set forth in the preamble of its constitution, are: "To uphold and defend the constitution of the United States of America; to maintain law and order; to foster and perpetuate a 100 per cent Americanism; to preserve the memories and incidents of our association in the great war; to inculcate a sense of individual obligation to the community, state and nation; to combat the autocracy of both the classes and the masses; to make right the master of might; to promote peace and good will on earth; to safeguard and transmit to posterity the principles of justice, freedom and democracy; to consecrate and sanctify our comradeship by our devotion to mutual helpfulness."

That program, strictly followed, is broad enough for any American. The people of Kentucky welcome it and the same Fourth it promises.

### QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

What has been the Texas state tax rate for the last ten years?—W. L. N.

The aggregate of the state ad valorem tax rate for general purposes, the ad valorem rate for schools, and the ad valorem rate for pensions, for each year is as follows: In 1918-19, 55c; 1917-18, 60c; 1916-17, 45c; 1915-16, 55c; 1914-15, 37 1-2c; 1913-14, 45c; 1912-13, 26 2-3c; 1911-12, 29 1-6c; 1910-11, 20 2-3c; 1909-10, 21 2-3c. The rate for 1919-20 has not yet been set.

F. B. W.: For the information you wish, write to the state sanitary live stock commission, Fort Worth, Tex. They will send you a copy of the law.

After July 1 can a person transport whiskey from another state into Texas? 2. Can he personally carry a quart of whiskey in his trunk after July 1? 3. How far is it from Bryan to Los Angeles?—J. V. L.  
1 and 2. He can, but he runs the risk of imprisonment. 3. About 1,890 miles.

Is the law that forbids amateurs to put up wireless sending and receiving sets still in effect? If so, when will it probably be repealed?—M. W.  
All restrictions on amateur and other wireless receiving stations, other than those used for the reception of commercial radio traffic, were removed effective April 15, 1919. It was announced at that time that restrictions on transmitting stations of all types were still in effect, but would be removed as soon as the president proclaims that a state of peace exists.

Please tell me the kind of acid used in testing diamonds. How does it act upon diamonds, and how can you tell the difference between glass and diamonds by the action of the acid?—J. H.  
Diamonds are unaffected by any liquid and are infusible by the highest degree of temperature attainable. Thus a temperate that would readily melt glass would not affect a diamond in the least. Diamonds are known by their hardness and brilliance; they will cut glass. Hydrofluoric acid tests upon glass, but not upon diamonds.

Why is it that a dog is prone to wallow in the carcass of a dead animal? We know that this trait is hereditary, but would like to know how it started and what prompted dogs to engage in this form of pastime.—C. B. W.  
The early function of a dog is said to be that of scavenger. Dogs are natural scavengers, as are buzzards. Consequently, the odor of a dead carcass is attractive to a dog.

Which are Texas' five largest cities, and what is the population of each?—B. J. D.  
No census estimate is available later than that for July 1, 1916, which shows: Dallas, 124,527; San Antonio, 123,831; Houston, 112,307; Fort Worth, 104,562; El Paso, 63,705.

J. L.: Write to your congressman for the information you wish concerning entrance to West Point. The penalty for misrepresentation of age probably would be severe.

## PROHIBITION REGULATIONS WILL STICK

Department of Justice to Use Every Means to Enforce Them.

Washington, June 30.—War-time prohibition, which becomes effective tonight, will be strictly enforced by the government with every existing means, the department of justice announced today. Open violations threatened in New York and other cities will be promptly dealt with by federal agents. Beer containing two and three-quarters per cent of alcohol is regarded as intoxicating, and persons undertaking its sale will be arrested.

### OIL RIG ENROUTE.

Manager Hallam of the Wixon Lake Oil & Gas company stated today that the oil rig is now enroute to Bryan from Beaumont and is expected to reach this city no later than Wednesday or Thursday. The driller is in charge of and accompanying the rig. The company has opened an office in the Park jewelry store.

## PHUNNIGRAPHS

If You Don't Like 'Em You Still Have the Ads

### MARGUERITE.

Sweet Marguerite, so fair of face,  
With eyes of velvet brown,  
May heaven ever smile on thee,  
And angels fair look down.  
May roses bloom along thy path,  
May nought cause thee to pine,  
Beloved friend of mine. —S. K. F.

We must have weather cold and hot,  
Variety, my dear;  
And sunshine never is the lot  
Of anyone down here;  
And so I never wish too strong  
For blessings for a friend  
Save strength of nerve to hike along  
And win out in the end.  
—Doc Bixby in Nebraska State Journal.

There are two ends to everything—  
We are not here to knock,  
Nor do we when this fact we bring  
To your attention, Doc.  
So we append this little verse,  
For you, and eke your friends,  
We wish you, what won't be so worse,  
To win out in both ends.  
—Judd Lewis in Houston Post.

And if 't be true that happiness  
Is in itself an end,  
And daily bread, forsooth, another,  
'Twere best, perhaps, to send,  
While climbs so high the cost of life,  
This wish to Marguerite:  
That she will everyday be able  
To make the two ends meet.

### EDITH CAVELL.

(By J. M. D.)

What dead Queen takes the homage  
Of the Straits  
And enters England by the English  
gates  
And with a Royal escort? Who is she  
That passes through the land so  
splendidly?  
An Eleanor, above whose halted brier  
A Cross is set to tell a queen lay  
here?

A Mary, borne from Fotheringay to  
rest  
Where earth is kinder than a sister's  
breast?  
Nay! 'tis no queen for whom two  
summer skies  
O'er silent streets of myriad moistened  
eyes

In two great capitals a love proclaim,  
Scornful of death and innocent of  
fame;  
No queen—only a simple English  
nurse  
Slaughtered between a challenge and  
a curse,  
Who learned her duty where she  
learned to pray,  
And died as truly as she lives today!  
All that she had—and that was life—  
—she gave,  
All that she valued—other lives—to  
save:  
All that we praise, and all we fain  
would be,  
Is summed in her and her simplicity.

### EDGE.

Edge, June 28.—(Slave). More rain,  
more rest. (Master). What was  
that you said, nigger? More rain  
more grass for boss' calf.

While we here at Edge received  
our share of the heavenly blessings,  
our little "burg" is still busy canning  
the surplus vegetables for the  
farmers.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry are due much  
credit for their successful manage-  
ment of the community canner. They  
canned 525 cans of vegetables in one  
day.

There is splendid prospects for a  
corn crop, while cotton on account of  
continued rain, is in bad condition  
and there will be a large per cent of  
the acreage lost.

Let us remember the co-operative  
meeting which begins Friday night,  
July 11, to be conducted by Rev.  
Dally of Weatherford, Texas.

James O. Wilson, of Edge, and Miss  
Mae Stevener, of Kurten, were quietly  
married at the home of Mr. and Mrs.  
John W. Beard, Rev. J. M. Bullock,  
of Bryan, officiating. The bride is the  
younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs.  
Gus Stevener of Kurten; graduate of  
the San Marcos normal and held the  
position of principal of the Edge high  
school the past two sessions. The  
bridegroom is the eldest son of James  
Wilson of Normangee, a worthy  
young man, whose many friends  
sincerely congratulate him upon his  
good fortune. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson  
are at home on the ranch, where Mr.  
Wilson is engaged in agricultural  
pursuits. We wish them every happiness.

### THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the sheriff or any constable of  
Brazos County—Greetings.

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Brazos, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice of Application for Letters—Guardianship.

The State of Texas,  
To all persons interested in the welfare of estate Mrs. Lillie L. Chance, lunatic, Ed S. Derden has filed in the County Court of Brazos County, an application for Letters of Guardianship of the estate of Mrs. Lillie L. Chance which will be heard at the next term of said court, commencing the third Monday in July, A. D., 1919, at the Court House thereof, in the City of Bryan, Texas, at which time all persons interested in the welfare of such estate may appear and contest such application should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorse, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, this 19th day of June, A. D., 1919.

(Seal)  
H. O. FERGUSON,  
Clerk County Court, Brazos County, Texas.

## FOUNDING OF PORTO RICAN CITY OCCURRED FOUR CENTURIES AGO

July 4th is 400th Birthday for San Juan, the Oldest Town now Under American Flag -- Celebrations Will Be Held in Honor of Historic Event.

San Juan, June 27.—The fourth of July marks the 400th anniversary of the founding of the city of San Juan, making it the oldest city under the American flag, and a committee is at work arranging for a celebration of that event and the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

Cuba, San Domingo and St. Thomas have been invited to send representatives to take part in the celebration.

That July 4, 1519, is the exact date of the foundation of the city of San Juan is the opinion expressed by Cayetano Colly Toste, historian, who has traced the history of the island since the first landing of the Spaniards in 1509.

According to Dr. Toste the first Spaniard to set foot in the island of "Borinquen" was Juan Ponce de Leon, who landed on the 12th of August, 1509.

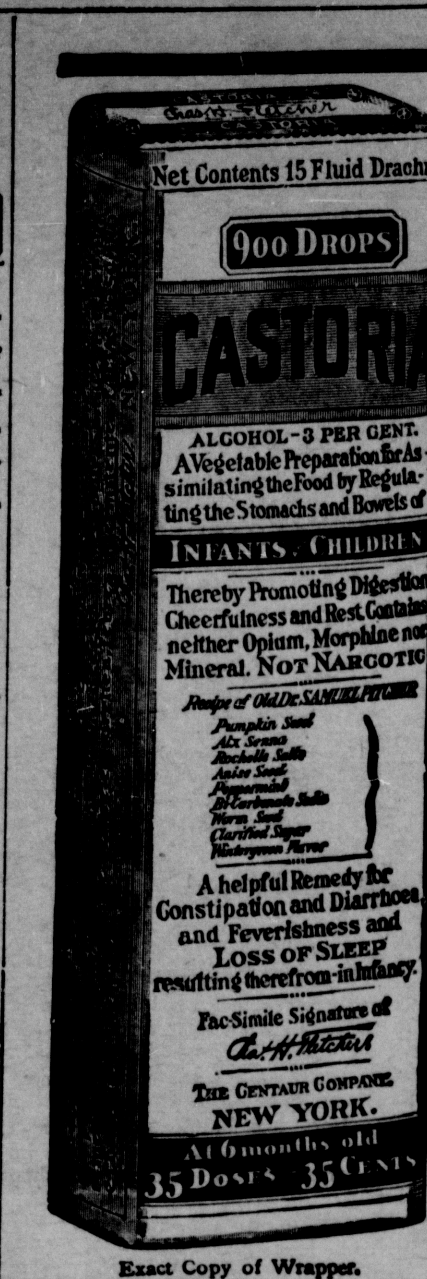
### THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the sheriff or any constable of Brazos County—Greetings.

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Brazos, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice of Application for Letters—Guardianship.

The State of Texas,  
To all persons interested in the welfare of Tom Palermo, Joe Palermo, Sam Palermo and Willie Palermo, minors, H. O. Boatwright has filed in the County Court of Brazos County, an application for Letters of Guardianship of the estates of the above minors which will be heard at the next term of said court, commencing the third Monday in July, A. D., 1919.



# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CERTAIN COMPANY, NEW YORK, C.

at the Court House, in the City of Bryan, Texas, at which time all persons interested in the welfare of such minors may appear and contest such application should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, this 18th day of June, A. D., 1919.

(Seal)  
H. O. FERGUSON,  
Clerk County Court, Brazos County, Texas.

### LEAVE FOR WHEAT FIELDS.

A number of Bryan's young men have left for the wheat fields of Kansas and Oklahoma, attracted by reports of high wages being paid there.

TO URGE RATIFICATION.  
Austin, July 1.—The senate is considering as a special order of business today the house resolution urging the United States to ratify the peace treaty entire.

## Accomplishing "the impossible" in a cigarette!

It is years back since smokers have heard of any NEW quality in a cigarette.

But here, at last, is a cigarette that does what smokers would never have believed a cigarette could do.

Here's a cigarette that satisfies—Chesterfields.

Chesterfields touch the "smoke-spot." Chesterfields let you know you're smoking. Chesterfields—and Chesterfields only—SATISFY!

It's all in the blend—a blend of the finest selections of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos. And the formula for this blend is the manufacturer's secret. Unlike a patent, it cannot be copied or even closely imitated.

Light up a Chesterfield, some time today, and see how promptly your smoke-sense will put the O. K. on "satisfy."

*Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.*

# Chesterfield CIGARETTES

—of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended



They SATISFY!



**"FIRST FOR THIRST"**

# BUCK

That good old golden color; that good old-fashioned taste



Wholesale Distributors

PALERMO BROS., Wholesale Distributors.

## OIL HOLDINGS CONFISCATED BY CARRANZA

**Refuses Permit to Drill to Americans Who Own Wells.**

Washington, July 1.—The Mexican government committed an overt act of confiscation in preventing American oil well drillers to work lands, which are owned by American individuals or companies, by sending soldiers into the fields and driving the workmen away, state department officials said today. Complaints to the Mexican government against refusal of the Mexican government to grant oil permits to oil companies to drill brought no reply until after the Juarez incident, when Carranza announced that no permits would be granted until the companies complied with the law. Compliance with the law, state department officials declared, constitutes a recognition by the companies that Mexico owned the oil lands.

**SURGEONS** agree that in cases of Cuts, Burns, Bruises and Wounds, the FIRST TREATMENT is most important. When an EFFICIENT antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, BOROZONE is the IDEAL ANTISEPTIC and HEALING AGENT. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Sold by Jenkins' Drug Store and M. H. James.

## ASKS NATION TO ENDORSE PEACE PLAN

**President Issues An Address to American People.**

Washington, June 28.—President Wilson in an address to the American people given out at the White House, made today a plea for acceptance of the treaty and covenant of the league of nations without change or reservation, and declared that if the treaty is ratified it will furnish a charter for a new order of affairs. The world duties and penalties imposed upon Germany are severe, he says, but only because the wrongs done by Germany must be righted and reparation done. The treaty, it is declared, imposes nothing that Germany cannot do. Germany can regain her rightful standing in the world by a prompt and honorable fulfillment of the terms.

**ONE HALF PER CENT ALLOWED.** Baltimore, July 1.—Judge Rose in the United States district court here today sustained a demurrer to the indictment against the Standard brewery of Baltimore, which was charged with manufacturing a beverage containing at least one half of one per cent of alcohol.

**BIG APPROPRIATION BILL.** Washington, July 1.—The house today adopted the conference report on the \$604,000,000 sundry civil appropriation bill without opposition.

## FORMER RESIDENT OF BRYAN DIES, AGE 75, AT WASHINGTON HOME

**Was Organizer of City National Bank and an Owner of Town and Farm Property --- Came Here in 1874 to Set Up Grocery Business.**

From Monday's Daily Eagle  
Notice was received yesterday by telegram of the death in Washington, D. C., at 8.30 a. m. of J. W. English, who for the last two years has been a resident of the capital city, but who was formerly a Bryan citizen.

Mr. English came to Bryan about 1874 and set up a grocery business, from which he retired about twenty years ago. With Sam Parker, now deceased, he organized the Merchants and Planters National bank, now known as the City National. He acquired considerable holdings of farm and city property which by his death becomes a part of his estate.

Mr. English is survived by his wife, and his nephews, David Reid, a local grocer, Sgt. Joseph Reid, now in the A. E. F., and John Reid, of New Jersey, besides relatives in Great Britain.

Upon the arrival of the body, which left Washington Sunday night for Bryan, the funeral services will be held in St. Andrew's Episcopal church. Rev. H. B. Jamison officiating.

## AT WORK ON ROADS TODAY AT MILLIKEN

**May Be in Shape for Travel by Next Saturday.**

Commissioner Fletcher Pool has set a gang of men to work on the roads at Milliken, from which point it is intended to work south, with the idea of opening the roads for traffic as soon as possible. A great deal depends on the state of the weather for the next few days. Heavy rains have cut up the roads so badly that considerable effort and pains will have to be expended to put them in shape again. If fair weather continues it is hoped to have the roads open by Saturday of this week, it is stated.

## SHRINE TEMPLE AT WACO.

A number of local Masonic Shriner will attend the big meeting to be held in Waco, July 4, when a temple will be instituted in that city. The Dallas consistory will have charge of organization services and a special train has been chartered for the trip to Waco. Upwards of four hundred candidates will be initiated on this occasion.

## LEAVING FRANCE; KISSED GIRL AND MISSED HIS TRAIN.

Brest, July 1.—One American soldier who lingered too long saying good-bye to his girl on the railway platform as his train was leaving for Brest missed his train. Though he overtook it by getting a ride on the next faster train, his commanding officer made him march up and down the aisle of the car for five hours carrying his pack and rifle while the train was going 175 miles to Brest.

## CELEBRATION SLATED FOR JULY 24 IS BIG JOB AHEAD OF BRYAN

**County-Wide Affair Will Be Held Here in Honor of Men Formerly in Service of the Country --- Commercial Club to Keep the Ball Rolling to Make It Successful.**

From Tuesday's Daily Eagle  
That it will be a great, big job for the merchants of Bryan to pull off properly the celebration to be given July 24 in honor of returned soldiers and sailors, was the consensus of the speeches of directors present at the meeting of the Commercial association at 10 o'clock this morning.

J. M. Caldwell and G. A. Adams of the entertainment committee and others spoke on this proposition. Mr. Adams, who is chairman of the committee, declared that, while his committee was loyal and industrious, it was too much to expect so small a number of men to handle so large a celebration. He drove home the point that there would be a very large crowd in the city that day, that the affair would be participated in by the citizens of the entire county, and that a very handsome fund would have to be collected in order to finance the thing properly.

It was decided that the president of the association, the two vice-presidents and secretary, together with the finance and entertainment committees should have the celebration in charge, with the power to call on other persons as they were needed.

It now seems assured that a barbecue will be given in addition to the basket dinner which has been suggested. It is further planned to have a parade and many other features which will tend to make the day a gala occasion in the history of the county.

The association also took up the matter of the roads in the county. There are about six hundred miles of roads in Brazos county, it was brought out, and many miles of them are in need of attention. The million and a half dollar bond issue was discussed, and it seemed to be the opinion of most of the directors present that a special road law for Brazos would be of advantage in assuring to all parts of the county an equitable expenditure of the money to be voted in bonds.

The marketing of the bonds would not be difficult, it was stated, as bond buyers had offered to come and bid on the issue in advance of its authorization, so that the voters might know in advance of casting their ballot exactly what the bonds would sell for if the issue carried at the election.

It was declared to be impossible to predict at this time how much federal and state aid could be obtained should the issue carry, although it was practically certain that a certain amount could be got in this way for expenditure on the stated highways going through the county.

The meeting of the association was presided over by Vice-president Tyler Haswell, in the absence of the president. The reading of the minutes and other routine was disposed of in short order, the meeting quickly settling down to the matters of chief interest.

The entertainment committee made a report on the recent reunion of Hood's brigade of Confederate veterans in this city. Every thing passed off nicely, it was reported, and some of the guests had made the statement to the committee that they had not had so good a time since the civil war.

## BREWRIES STILL OPERATE.

St. Louis, July 1.—Thirteen local breweries continue the manufacture of two and three-quarters per cent beer. The majority of the saloons are open, but are selling only beer and soft drinks today.

Stop coughing! you rack the lungs and worry the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Sold by Jenkins' Drug Store and M. H. James.

## W. J. BRYAN ON CAMEL IN PARADE GIVEN BY "DRYS"

Columbus, O., July 1.—William Jennings Bryan was the chief figure in the celebration of the funeral of John Barleycorn at the Methodist Centenary exposition here today, a procession being headed by the former secretary of state, riding upon a camel.

## CONFEDERATE 'VETS' CHOOSE BRYAN AGAIN AS CONVENTION CITY

**Old Soldiers of Hood's Brigade Coming Back June 27-28, 1920, for Next Reunion --- J. A. Bolton, Jacksonville, Is Elected President This Morning.**

From Thursday's Daily Eagle  
So well pleased were the old soldiers of Hood's Texas brigade with the entertainment accorded them during their two-day meeting in Bryan that they chose this city as the convention place for the forty-eighth annual reunion, to be held June 27-28, 1920, the vote being unanimous at the closing session in Carnegie library auditorium this morning.

Officers for the ensuing years were as follows: President, J. A. Bolton, Co. H, 1st Texas infantry, Jacksonville; honorary life-president, Captain J. T. Hunter, Co. 2, 4th Texas, Oakwood; vice-president, Capt. W. H. Gaston, Dallas; chaplain, Rev. Mr. Copeland, Co. H, 4th Texas, Rockdale. Miss Katie Daffan, Houston, is life secretary. Max E. Johnson, assistant secretary, was re-elected.

The following were elected honorary members: J. R. Fain, Bryan; Robert Lee Pickett and Roy Ernest Pickett (sons of John Pickett, Co. I, 4th Texas) Corsicana; Daisy Gorman, Oakwood; E. H. Astin, R. Q. Astin, J. R. Astin, of Bryan, and Will E. Astin, San Antonio.

Reminiscences occupied the principal place at yesterday's afternoon session. According to Captain James Briggs, who told the yarn from the platform, one of his comrades in the audience was a great lover of dogs and had "taken up," as he expressed it with a Georgia grey hound of unusual fleetness of foot. The two were inseparable, he said, the dog accompanying his master even into battle. On one occasion, so the speaker said, a portion of the brigade was stationed on an eminence, when news was received that the enemy was advancing in strong force against them. The men were ordered to retire, and the order was obeyed with more than ordinary alacrity, particularly by the owner of the grey hound. Indeed, the soldier was found afterward by his commanding officer on a log far removed from the scene of retreat, weeping as if his heart would break. "What's the matter with you, Leach?" he demanded.

"The soldier wept on." "Leach, what's the matter with you," repeated the officer.

"Sir," replied the disconsolate man, "I have lost my dog."

"Lost your dog?" replied the officer. "How did that happen?"

"Dunno, sir, unless I outran him." The old soldiers roared at the anecdote, and the subject of it enjoyed the joke as much as anyone in the auditorium.

Most of the veterans have returned to their home, all of them loud in their praise of the hospitality of the citizens of Bryan.

## CHANGE DAY OF CONTEST TO JULY 12

**Roads in No Shape for Visit by Committee.**

The rural committee of the Bryan Woman's club, Mrs. Charles S. Gainer chairman, announces the postponement of the closing day of the rural contest from Saturday, June 28 to Saturday, July 12. The continued rains have put the roads over the county in such a condition as to make it impossible for the judging committee to visit the home gardens and poultry yards, and have also hindered the girls of the contest from weeding and caring properly for their gardens. In view of these facts, the Woman's club committee held a meeting this morning and authorized the above statement of postponement.

All plans made for the closing day will be held over until the new date of Saturday, July 12, at which time the contestants will bring in their displays of canned and preserved fruits and vegetables, fresh vegetables, poultry, eggs, butter, and other farm products and also the samples of hand-made garments to be entered in the sewing contest. The affair will be held at the court house and the public generally is cordially invited. A splendid program has been prepared and it will be a day long to be remembered by all who attend. The Bryan club women will be present with baskets of lunch, and all the rural girls and women will bring baskets, and at the noon hour dinner will be served at the court house in picnic style.

After the business of awarding prizes and the program of the afternoon is over, the contestants and their relatives will be given a free picture show party at the Dixie.

## PRINCE NOT GONE YET.

London, July 1.—It was emphatically denied during a telephone conversation yesterday with an aide to the former crown prince that the latter has left the island of Wieringen, according to a Reuter's Amsterdam dispatch. A Brussel's dispatch, quoting an Amsterdam telegram received last night stated that the former German crown prince escaped from the island Sunday.

Joe B. Reed will be out of the city for the balance of the month of July after the 10th. All those in arrears to me for advancement made will please see me between now and July 10 and have a settlement and pay part on all due me. I have accommodated you; now show your appreciation by calling at my office, 8 to 11 a. m. Joe B. Reed. 356Pd

## COUNTIES OF TEXAS MAKE FULL RETURNS ONLY AFTER DELAYS

**Results Absolutely complete for First Time Say Employees in Office of Secretary of State --- Attorney General Forced to Mandamus One County.**

Austin, Texas, June 26.—The attorney general established a precedent by issuing mandamus proceedings against the county judge of Anderson county to force him to send to the secretary of state election returns of the May 24 constitutional amendment election.

Anderson county election returns have been received and assurance has been given by county judges of other delinquent counties that their returns will come in.

Employees in the secretary of state's office say that election returns have never been sent from every county in the state during the time they can remember. They attribute the diligence exercised in this case to the interest taken in the election by women.

Under the law the vote is to be canvassed on the Monday following the election, and returns are then to be sent to the secretary of state. Forty days after the election the state returns are canvassed by the state canvassing board, which is composed of the governor, the secretary of state and the attorney general. The board will meet on July 3 for the past election.

An effort was made to get Governor Hobby to submit at the present session the election law for amendments to provide a penalty for delinquency in sending in election returns, but owing to a threatened effort to repeal the woman's primary election law, the governor said that he would not submit the subject of election laws.

## RED CROSS CALL.

The Brazos County Red Cross asks that the following named persons come to the Red Cross office, First National Bank building, to give important information called for by the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, Washington, D. C.: Henry Glover or Martha Glover, Willie Neal, Martha Caldwell, Josephine Bowman, Rosa Ellen Thornton, Lila Rodgers, Pearl Ross, Ross Turner, Hattie Sarah McNeal, Mattie Wilkinson Evans, Evelina May Robinson, James Silas.

## SUBMITS PRIZE FIGHT BILL.

Austin, July 1.—Governor Hobby sent a message today, the subject of which was the proposed boxing bill by McNealus of Dallas.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Sold by Jenkins' Drug Store and M. H. James.

## ENGLAND'S LITTLE BUT JUST LOOK AT THEIR BIG ESTATES

London, July 1.—Gradually England's captains of industry are acquiring the huge estates of the aristocrats. Lord Leverhulme, a soap manufacturer, who recently purchased the Island of Lewis, is now understood to have bought also the Island of Harris, in the Hebrides. Together the islands cover 560,000 acres. The only larger estate in the kingdom is that of the Duke of Sutherland who owns 900,000 acres.

## GAS SAVING BECAUSE OF LAW IS BIG

**Operation Not Yet Fully in Swing, Says Gilmore.**

Austin, Tex., July 1.—Railroad Commissioner G. E. Gilmore, who has just returned from a tour of the Desdemona oil fields in Eastland county, says that the enforcement of the new oil and gas conservation law is saving 55,000,000 feet of gas each day in that field alone and the operations under the law are just started.

The commissioner also says that producers are in accord with the new regulations and are very glad to cooperate with the commission in putting the new law into effect.

## REAR ADMIRAL SWIFT DEAD.

Newport, R. I., July 1.—Rear Admiral William Swift, aged 71, retired, died last night.

## "FAKE" ASPIRIN WAS TALCUM

**Therefore Insist Upon Genuine "Bayer Tablets" of Aspirin**



Millions of fraudulent Aspirin Tablets were sold by a Brooklyn manufacturer which later proved to be composed mainly of Talcum Powder. "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin", the true, genuine, American made and American owned tablets are marked with the safety "Bayer Cross."

Ask for and then insist upon "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" and always buy them in the original Bayer package which contains proper directions and dosage.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacid-ester of Salicylicacid.

# SPECIAL SALE! on Fertilizer

Star Brand Acid Phosphate just arrived.  
Your corn will make nubbins into good corn.  
Regular price \$1.50 per sack, special price \$1.10 per sack.

It will take a little over half bushel of corn or four pounds of lint cotton per acre to pay for one sack.

Can you afford to farm without it?

# Bryan Cotton Oil and Fertilizer Company

Maker of Star Brand High Grade Fertilizers

## PURITAN OIL COOK STOVES



**"BOILING, simmering and baking can all be done at the same time—the Puritan gives just the right heat for each. You set your utensil in a clean, hot flame that comes up through the grate—like gas."**

From Puritan advertising—Country Gentleman—May 3, 1919.

Easy cooking hours—and a clean, cool kitchen always. Flame indicator on each burner shows low, medium, high—at full heat the indicator's automatic wick stop prevents smoking. Burners are brass—last for years.

## Reversible Glass Oil Reservoir

A clean, quick way to handle the ideal cooking fuel—kerosene oil.

Puritan stoves are sold by reliable dealers everywhere. Look for the Triangle trade mark.

See your dealer or write for free Puritan booklet No. 24.

THE CLEVELAND METAL PRODUCTS CO.  
7310 Plain Avenue  
Cleveland, Ohio

DEALERS NOTE—  
The Magnolia Petroleum Company is the distributor of these products in your locality. Complete stocks are carried by them at conveniently located points.





# UNEMPLOYED LAUGH AT OFFER OF \$3.50 WAGES WHILE COTTON SUFFERS

**Labor Situation Unprecedented in Brazos County --- Farmers Need Choppers to Rescue Cotton From Invasion of Grass and Weeds Caused by Recent Downpours of Rain.**

The farmers of Brazos county in the neighborhood of Bryan are facing an unprecedented situation, according to those who have been able to get about enough for observation. With cotton suffering for labor and labor almost impossible to get, they are staring in the face the prospect of no crop at all, except such as they are able to work out by themselves. The streets of Bryan are frequented by idle laborers who laugh at the offer of \$3.50 a day for cotton chopping with transportation to and from the fields furnished. Farmers are demanding that something be done. Unless the matter is met somehow they can not but lose their crop.

One man, in speaking of the condition of affairs told this morning of having hired a colored man to chop for him. He took the darkey out to his place, took him out to the field, turned over to him a hoe in good working order, and left him at the job. When next he was out that way the hoe was still in good working order, but not working. The negro had disappeared.

The condition of the cotton crop is said to be deplorable, owing to the heavy rains, which have prevented work on it, but has stimulated grass and weeds to a luxuriant growth.

"There is nothing in sight but a stalk eaten up by grass," declared J. J. Pipkin, who lives out on College road, this morning, in speaking of the cotton. "I don't see what the farmers will do if something is not done to remedy labor conditions. Houston and other cities have sent out the order that loafers and vagrants must either go to work or get out. I don't see why Bryan can't do something like that. The cotton is nothing but just a weed—not a boll or a square that you can be sure is going to stick. It's got to be worked and worked now to save it from the grass and the weeds."

Merchants in town have complained also about the "independence" of the transient labor of the city. Householders are asked six and seven dollars for the moving of a hundred foot front lawn. Landladies use their own sweet will in fixing the time and the price for their services. And the end is not yet.

## W. L. McDONALD IS DEAD AT BROOKLYN; NATIVE OF ANDERSON

Mrs. Ralph Howell is in receipt of news announcing the death of her uncle, Judge W. L. McDonald, at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y. Judge McDonald, who was a brother of Hon. J. G. McDonald, of Anderson, was born at Anderson, Tex., about 55 years ago, but has made his home in the east for many years. At the time of his death he was stationed at Washington City, in connection with government work of a legal nature. Deceased, who is survived by a wife, will be remembered by a great many Bryan people as a highly educated, most excellent gentleman. He was a classmate of Senator J. R. Astin.

**DIED AT NINETY-FOUR.**  
Auburn, N. Y., June 27.—George W. Richardson, who as Major Richardson had charge of the provost guards which guarded President Lincoln in Washington during the civil war, died here Wednesday aged 94. He was the last survivor in Cayuga county of the "forty-niners" who went to California at the outbreak of the gold rush.

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. Herbine is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine vigorous condition. Sold by Jenkins' Drug Store and M. H. James.

All men's straw hats and panamas at practically half price to clean up. Globe Dry Goods Co. d361w2t

## LIKE AN ELECTRIC BUTTON ON TOES

Tells why a corn is so painful and says cutting makes them grow.

Press an electric button and you form a contact with a live wire which rings the bell. When your shoes press against your corn it pushes its sharp roots down upon a sensitive nerve and you get a shock of pain.

Instead of trimming your corns, which merely makes them grow, just step into any drug store and ask for a quarter of an ounce of freezeone. This will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet. A few drops applied directly upon a tender, aching corn stops the soreness instantly, and soon the corn shrivels up so it lifts right out, root and all, without pain. This drug freezeone is harmless and never inflames or even irritates the surrounding skin. Adv.

## GOOD ROADS ESSAYS DRAW PRIZES GIVEN BY COMMERCIAL MEN

**Gladys Cowan of Harvey School, Is Winner of First Place, in Contest With Close Second in Thelma Broach of Tabor High School --- Checks to Be Mailed Out Soon.**

Secretary S. E. Eberstadt of the commercial club will mail out checks this week to the winners of the essay prize contest instituted by the commercial club among the young people of Brazos county. Contests were held some weeks ago in a number of schools over the county, the winners in each of these contests being contestants in the finals in which a number of high class themes were submitted on the subject of good roads.

These themes were turned over to a special committee to select the winner of the first and of the second prize for the whole county. The first grand prize of twenty dollars goes to Miss Gladys Cowan of the Harvey school, while the second prize of ten dollars goes to Miss Thelma Broach of Tabor high school.

Below are the results of the contest in the various schools reporting. Miss Annabel Murray, route 6, sends in an excellent theme, but as her essay did not come through the channels designated by the rules of the contest, it could not be considered for a prize.

The committee wishes to thank these young people and their respective schools for the interest they manifested in this all important matter of good roads for Brazos county, and to express the hope that they will always be found on the side of progress in every issue involving the improvement of their communities.

It will be a pleasure to the commercial club to acknowledge and reward the efforts of these young people by sending to each the prize won. Following is the result of the contest by schools:

Tabor high school—Thelma Broach; second place, Dorothy Broach.

Harvey school—First place, Gladys Cowan; second place, Aubrey Jones.

Welborn school—First place, Gladys Dowling; second place, Edna Hopper.

Reliance school—First place, Webster Cloud; second place, Roy Mathis.

Cottonwood school—First place, Jessie Crenshaw; second place, Dee Worsham.

Harris school—First place, Lizzie Vymilo; second place, Eddie Smith.

Alexander school—First place, Alma Broach; second place, Bessie Wilson.

Below is given the essay of the first prize winner, Gladys Cowan of Harvey school. Others will be published in subsequent issues of the Eagle:

**Good Roads.**  
All raw products and manufactured goods some time during the course of distribution are carried in trucks, wagons or on pack mules over common wagon roads.

We, as a government, spend millions of dollars annually building and improving railroads, canals and dredging rivers for no other purpose than to facilitate transportation; and the necessity for it is apparent only because we view the commodity in bulk and volume, losing sight of the fact that all this material must at some time revert back to the common wagon road for final distribution. It seems like poor judgment, bad policy and worse economy to improve one part of the road and leave the other parts almost impassable the most of the year. This reason alone seems sufficient to me to justify any argument in favor of good roads.

The critics and opponents of good roads make their hardest fight on the first cost, or the expense of construction, but when they see that this first cost is a paying investment, they will become "boosters." The expense of building returns in dividends by saving time. It is demonstrated in our own county, that, where it formerly took hours to travel a given distance, the same can now be made in a few minutes. The farmer or producer can make several trips delivering produce where formerly he made only one; then he can haul twice the amount at each load, thereby doubling his delivering capacity again. The labor and time thus saved that had been used in transporting can be turned to producing and he saves again.

The cost of building and repairing roads comes back in profits by lessening the cost of repair on wagons, trucks and all vehicles. It returns again by giving us more miles with fewer gallons of gasoline and fuel; and by horse drawn vehicles lessens the feed bill, which is only another word for fuel.

Improving roads really puts towns and communities closer together. It puts the city in closer touch with the country, multiplies their interests and dividends and divides their differences. We get better acquainted, find we are interdependent and that our interests are mutual. After all we are just one large family separated by impassable barriers—bad roads.

Good roads is an important factor in building and maintaining good schools and churches. They make it possible for pupils to attend school more regularly and go further. It will promote consolidation of rural schools, and put high school education in easy reach of every country boy and girl.

Traveling in the country will become a pleasure instead of a task. People from the cities will visit the country more frequently and find that there are natural beauties in the country unsurpassed by anything the art of man has yet devised in the city. This frequent intermingling and association of the city and country people will assist greatly in the "back

to the farm" movement we hear so much about.

When it is possible for one to reach town in a few minutes, the country people will not be wanting to move to town, but the town people will be building rural homes, and one does not need prophetic vision to see the effect this will have on the country.

Now, finally, but not least, yet very conclusive is the fact that in the communities and counties that have tried good roads the people have learned that good roads the people have seen that they than the necessary taxes required to build the roads and not one of them has ever expressed a desire to go back to the old roads without the taxes.

## PROMINENT PLANTER WEDS HOUSTON LADY SATURDAY, JUNE 28

**Senator Astin Surprises Friends and Becomes Benedict --- Bride is Sister of Well Known Attorney --- Will Return to Bryan to Take Up Residence Here.**

Senator J. R. Astin, known to practically everybody in Brazos county as a successful planter, lawyer and man of affairs, was married in Houston this afternoon at 4 o'clock to Mrs. Mabel F. Smith, of that city. Although the wedding comes as a distinct surprise to many friends of Senator Astin, it is the culmination of a long acquaintance between the bride and groom.

Mrs. Astin is the sister of R. W. Franklin, a prominent attorney of Houston, and is a lady of accomplishments and refinement. Her home was at 904 Travis, Houston, where the wedding ceremony was performed, but it is presumed that the newly married couple will make their residence in Bryan upon their return from the wedding trip.

## LETTER LONG TIME COMING FROM ABROAD

**Samuel Levy Hears From Mother Residing in Frankfurt.**

From Saturday's Daily Eagle  
Samuel Levy, retired business man of Bryan, received today a letter dated January 22, 1917, and written by his aged mother, Mrs. Rosalia Levy, in Frankfurt, Germany. The letter, which is in Mrs. Levy's own handwriting, was mailed to Holland, and from that country relayed to the United States.

The contents of the letter were evidently written in a guarded manner but Mr. Levy gathered from statements contained therein that his brother and two nephews were well at that time, although he has been without other news of them, and cannot tell what may have befallen them since.

Mrs. Levy is now 84 years of age. As soon as cable connections between this country and Germany are restored Mr. Levy intends to get into communication with his mother. Through the Red Cross he heard indirectly that she was alive and well in December, 1918.

Six hundred pairs ladies' oxfords and pumps just received from Hamilton-Brown Shoe company. These shoes will be sold at a big reduction. Globe Dry Goods Co. d361w2t

## TREATIES INTERDEPENDENT

New York, July 2.—The Franco-British and the Franco-American treaties provide that the intervention of England and America in behalf of France against Germany shall be interdependent, according to the New York Journal. Great Britain and the United States are to help France only by combined action, and not separately. The newspaper declares that their intervention must occur if disarmament of the Rhine region is insufficient to protect France from German aggression.

## COULD HARDLY STAND ALONE

**Terrible Suffering From Headache, Sideache, Backache, and Weakness, Relieved by Cardui, Says This Texas Lady.**

Gonzales, Tex.—Mrs. Minnie Phillips, of this place, writes: "Five years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side. It was right under my left rib. It would commence with an aching and extend up into my left shoulder and on down into my back. By that time the pain would be so severe I would have to take to bed, and suffered usually about three days. I suffered this way for three years, and got to be a mere skeleton and was so weak I could hardly stand alone. Was not able to go anywhere and had to let my house work go. I suffered with a pain in my back and I had the headache all the time. I just was unable to do a thing. My life was a misery, my stomach got in an awful condition, caused from taking so much medicine. I suffered so much pain. I had just about given up all hopes of our getting anything to help me.

One day a Birthday Almanac was thrown in my yard. After reading its testimonials I decided to try Cardui, and am so thankful that I did, for I began to improve when on the second bottle. I am now a well woman and feeling fine and the cure has been permanent for it has been two years since my awful bad health. I will always praise and recommend Cardui." Try Cardui today. 27

## LEAGUE OF NATIONS IS ASKED TO RESTORE RICH LANDS OF PERU

**Long Anticipated Continental War May Be Averted if League can Settle Controversy in an Acceptable Manner---Wealth in Saltpetre is Unbounded, Hence the Rivalry for Possession.**

New Orleans, June 27.—As soon as the league of nations begins the transaction of business one of the very first to ask aid will be the Republic of Peru. Peru will lay before the league's executive her old claim against her sister and contingent Republic of Chile, and a problem strikingly alike in point of detail to that of Alsace and Lorraine will be unfolded to a world already surfeited with international politics. Incidentally, it will prove the efficacy of the league of nations, which has yet to justify the high hopes suffering mankind has placed in its powers and ability to avert future wars.

A short backward glance into South American history is necessary. Seven or eight years after Germany had torn Alsace and Lorraine from France and planted the seeds of the great war, Chile and Bolivia went to grips over the seizure by the authorities of the latter country of the effects of the Chilean Nitrate company at Antofagasta, then a part of the Bolivian Province of Atacama. Peru, who had a secret treaty with Bolivia, rushed to the assistance of her hard-pressed ally, and for her pains got severely trounced.

The Chileans, who have been called the Prussians of South America, because of their thorough political and military organization, beat the Peruvians at every turn, both on land and sea, laid siege to and occupied Lima, the capital, and extracted from Peru as the price of victory the rich nitrate lands of Tagna and Arica on the Pacific seaboard.

The treaty of peace known as the treaty of Ancon, ratified in 1881, provided, however, that in ten years from that date the national status of the two provinces should be submitted to a plebiscite of the peoples there, and the favored country should pay the other a sum of \$10,000,000 as compensation for the loss of the lands in question.

This clause has not been carried out so far, and the two provinces, with their unbounded wealth of saltpetre, still remain in possession of Chile. The government of Chile has not refused to redeem their pledge on the plebiscite. Rather when the time came for one in accordance with the terms of the treaty the government in Santiago put the matter up to the authorities at Lima, and invited action. But Peru backslided; she knew beforehand that a referendum would go against her, and she turned the offer down. The Chileans avowed themselves satisfied, and declared to the world that they were quite willing to fulfill their end of the contract, and called attention to Peru's refusal.

But when the Lima government took up a negative stand on the plebiscite question they knew that Chile some two or three years previously had taken the precaution to expel Peruvian subjects and populate the two provinces with her own officials and paid servants, so that a vote would have gone overwhelmingly against Peru. Moreover, the elections would have taken place under the auspices of the Chilean authorities, which was the sine qua non of their conditions. In face of this the government at Lima dropped negotiations with their erstwhile enemies, and began to agitate their cause in the capitals of the Latin-American republic, and in the United States.

The American government has offered its services on divers occasions when called upon by Peru, but while Chile is ever willing to submit the matter to a referendum of the peoples of Tagna and Arica, she will not brook outside interference in the elections.

With matters standing thus Peru now intends to petition the league of nations tribunal for a solution of this complicated and much-mooted question, and she possesses at least this advantage over Chile for a sympathetic hearing: That while that country held aloof in the war and contented herself with making money out of the allies through her vast sales of nitrates for war purposes, Peru broke off diplomatic relations with the Huns and arraigned herself



This ad deals only with COFFEE SENSE  
1 lb. Arbuckle Coffee 35c  
1 lb. Sunset Coffee 45c  
3 lb. Can Rice Hotel Coffee 1.35  
3 lb. Can Maxwell House Coffee 1.45  
Give us a trial order.

**Kennedy's Cash & Carry Grocery**  
PAY CASH PAY LESS

on the side of the entente powers. South American diplomats in Europe well versed on the subject believe that the only solution to the question lies in not internationalizing but in inter-Americanizing these two provinces, and if Latin-American republics were approached on the matter it is quite certain they would concur with this decision.

The two provinces lie on the Pacific coast. Bolivia, which is an inland republic without any seaport on the Pacific, sends most of her exports through Argentina over a long overland route, and her commerce suffers accordingly. Argentina, too, whose eastern provinces border on Tagna and Arica, is without an outlet to the sea in this direction, while Brazil could conveniently use a railway for her exports to the Pacific coast if Chile only gave her sanction.

Before the war and the creation of the league of nations it was generally accepted in South America that a great continental war would break out there in time over the settlement of these two provinces. The loss of these rich nitrate lands to Peru has been a sore wound in her side ever since, while, on the other hand, it has and still continues to enrich the coffers of the Chilean nation.

The nitrogen problem is one that is, perhaps, little understood by the general public. This strangely behaved element is a vital necessity both in war time and in peace. Without nitrogen the allied gunners could not have fired a single shot; without it now farmers could not grow a single grain of wheat. For many years past chemists have known how to fix atmospheric nitrogen, and thereby produce nitrogen compounds in usable form. But the processes involved were so difficult and expensive that it was cheaper to bring nitrates all the way from these Chilean provinces than to convert the nitrogen in the atmosphere here.

In Chile the process is natural and accordingly inexpensive, the expense consisting only in lifting and carting away the nitrogen, which between the hours of 4 and 6 in the morning and the same hours in the afternoon covers the whole expanse of the otherwise desert lands of Tagna and Arica.

**NOTICE OF FILING ACCOUNTS—ESTATES OF DECEDENTS.**  
The State of Texas,  
To all persons interested in the estate of Cyrus Earle Graham, deceased; T. K. Lawrence, administrator, has filed in the County Court of Brazos County, Texas, his final account of said estate, which will be heard at the next term of said court, commencing the 3rd Monday in July, A. D., 1919, at the Court House thereof, in the City of Bryan, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and contest said account, should they see proper to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, this 28th day of June, A. D., 1919.

(Seal) H. A. FERGUSON, Clerk County Court, Brazos County, Texas.

**USE EAGLE WANT ADS THEY BRING RESULTS.**

**THE STATE OF TEXAS.**  
To the sheriff or any constable of Brazos County—Greetings:  
You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Brazos, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:  
**Notice of Application For Probate of Will.**  
To all persons interested in the estate of Mrs. Eva Warren, deceased. Henry Mitchell, et al, has filed in the County Court of Brazos County, an application for the probate of the last will and testament of Mrs. Eva Warren, deceased, which will be heard at the next term of said court, commencing the third Monday in July, A. D., 1919, at the court house thereof, in the City of Bryan, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and contest said application should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of July, A. D., 1919.

(Seal) H. O. FERGUSON, Clerk County Court, Brazos County, Texas.

## New Idea Magazine

**Selling Campaign Now On**

During the period of this sale you are privileged to secure The Woman's Magazine for only 69c the year, two years \$1.25, with a special premium offer of current copy of the New Idea Quarterly, which includes a coupon good for 15c toward the purchase of any New Idea Patterns.

After close of this campaign the regular price of \$1.00 a year, without the quarterly, prevails.

## Maloney & Co.

2323 North Main Street.  
SOLE AGENTS.